Consolidated

Civil Enforcement

Civil Enforcement Monthly Bulletin: Understanding Exemptions under the Civil Enforcement Act

Part 10 of the Civil Enforcement Act outlines the exemptions allowable to enforcement debtors within the Province of Alberta. It is important that creditors understand what is exempt from seizure, and what the requirements are for a debtor to claim these exemptions, prior to conducting a seizure or Sale of Land action.

The most commonly asked questions we receive relating to exemptions are:

- 1. Who gets to choose which item(s) are exempt?
 - a. Section 90(1) of the CEA explains that the debtor may select the item (when there is more than one item pertaining to the same exemption to choose from) up the maximum prescribed value of the exemption. For example of the debtor has 2 vehicles he can choose which one of the two he wants to claim the exemption on.
 - b. If the debtor does not in a timely manner make a selection (or the debtor is unavailable) the bailiff may select the items that are exempt
- 2. Can a debtor waive the exemptions?
 - a. A debtor cannot waive the exemption at the time the seizure is being conducted. Exemptions are automatically provided by the bailiff to the debtor at the time of seizure**

**Please Note: The exemption allowable on a Sale of Land file – is the <u>only</u> exemption that the debtor <u>must ask for</u> – this exemption is <u>not</u> automatically granted to the debtor

- 3. Are debtors allowed exemptions on every type of file?
 - a. Exemptions are only available on Writ of Enforcement Seizures (including Sale of Land) and Landlord Distress seizures
 - b. Exemptions do not apply under the following circumstances: If the enforcement debtor has abandoned the property; if the debtor is not an individual; if the debt is for a judgment in payment of support, maintenance or alimony; to partnership property; to writ proceedings on a judgment arising from an act for which the debtor has been convicted of a offense under the Criminal Code of Canada

Exemptions – Writ of Enforcement Seizures

- 1. Food required by the debtor and the debtor's dependents for 12 months
- 2. Clothing for the debtor and the debtor's dependents valued up to \$4,000
- 3. Household Furnishings and appliances valued up to \$4,000
- 4. One Motor Vehicle valued up to \$5,000
- 5. Medical and Dental Aids of the debtor and their dependents
- 6. 160 Acres of land <u>if</u> the debtor's primary occupation is farming <u>and</u> their principal residence is located on this land
- Principal Residence of the Debtor (including mobile homes) debtor can claim <u>up to</u> \$40,000 per residence – proportionate to the debtor's ownership interest in the property **Debtor(s) <u>must</u> request this exemption in writing – this exemption <u>is not</u> automatic
- 8. Personal property required to earn their income from their occupation valued up to \$10,000
- 9. Personal property required for the necessary farming operations for the next 12 months when farming is their primary occupation

Exemptions – Landlord Distress

- 1. Food required by the debtor and the debtor's dependents for 12 months
- 2. Clothing for the debtor and the debtor's dependents valued up to \$4,000

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- 3. Household Furnishings and appliances valued up to \$1,000**
 - a. Under a Landlord Distress furnishings and appliances means: one washing machine and dryer, one kitchen suite, bedroom suites and bedding, kitchen appliances including one stove, a microwave, a refrigerator and a freezer, kitchen utensils and carriages, strollers, cradles and cribs necessary for the use of the debtor's children
- 4. Medical and Dental Aids of the debtor and their dependents
- 5. Personal property required to earn their income from their occupation valued up to \$10,000
- 10. Personal property required for the necessary farming operations for the next 12 months when farming is their primary occupation

It is very important for creditors to remember that there are a very large variety of items that can be seized under a Landlord Distress and under Writs of Enforcement that do not fall under the exemption rules. Some examples of items that Consolidated has seized for our customers are:

Public and Private Shares	Livestock	Collectables
Bank Accounts	Retail Inventory	Hunting Licenses
Race Horses, Jumping Horses	Firearms	Recreational Vehicles
Oil & Gas Equipment	Grain & Growing Crops	Jewelry & Gems
Taxi Licenses	Dollar Store Inventory	Production Inventory
Boats / Trailers	Quads / ATV's	Art / Paintings
Notes/Mortgage Payables	Restaurant Equipment	Shop Equipment

Remember when considering assets for seizure, that if the asset has a resale value – it can be seized and sold to pay your debt. Consolidated Civil Enforcement steps into the shoes of the debtor, if the debtor can sell it – Consolidated can sell it to pay your debt.

If you have any questions relating to the information provided above, or if I can assist you with any other civil enforcement questions/needs, please do not hesitate to drop me an email at <u>patriciaw@ccebailiff.ca</u> or contact me by phone at (403) 668-8804 or (780) 448-5833 ext. 8804.

Have a great September,

Patricia Wilson

Director, Civil Enforcement